HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Retirement Plan Committee Howard County Retirement Plan Howard County, Maryland

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basis financial statements of Howard County Retirement Plan (the Plan) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Plan's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the of the Plan as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) on pages 3-5 and the Schedule of Changes in the County's Net pension Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of County Contributions, and the schedule of Investment Returns on pages 19 though 21 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

The financial statements of the Plan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, were audited by other auditors whose report dated November 23, 2016, expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2017, on our consideration of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Baltimore, Maryland November 22, 2017

HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

Introduction

The Howard County Retirement Plan (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement plan administered by Howard County, Maryland, which provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and cost-of-living adjustments.

Responsibilities for administration and operation of the Plan vest in a Retirement Committee with seven members ("Committee"). The Committee has authority to establish and amend the respective benefit and contribution provisions.

Financial Highlights

The financial statements of the Plan were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed and expenses are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value.

In 2017, the net position increased \$47.8 million or 13.2% to \$410.1 million driven primarily by investment gains of \$37.7 million. Contributions of \$18.1 million outpaced benefit payments of \$15.4 million by \$2.7 million. The number of benefit recipients increased to 747, a 9.9% increase over the prior year.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

In this financial report, the basic financial statements consist of the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position with accompanying notes as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 with comparative information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016. The financial position is comprised of assets, which primarily consist of investments less liabilities, including accounts payable and investment commitments payable.

Investments consist of US equities (large cap and non-large cap), international equities (international developed markets and international emerging markets), fixed income, real assets and alternatives (private equities and hedge funds). The Plan is a participant in a combined pension investment pool and it does not own an undivided interest in specific assets of the Pool. The investments presented by category are the Plan's proportionate share of the investments by category of the Pool that are reported at fair value.

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position presents the additions to and deductions from the Plan's net position during the year. The Plan receives contributions from participants and the County, as well as income or losses from investments and related activities. The primary deductions are the payment of benefits, which are the Plan's primary objectives. Deductions also include refunds to members who leave the Plan as well as administrative expenses.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Notes to Financial Statements contain disclosures and discussions which support the data presented in the financial statements. The notes present information about the administration of the Plan, significant accounting policies, and investments. The notes are an integral part of the financial statements and should be considered in conjunction with any review of the financial statements.

HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

Required Supplementary Information

The RSI section provides actuarially determined information about the Plans and displays changes for each Plan's Net Pension Liability (NPL) and related ratios, contributions related to payrolls by Plan, and money-weighted investment returns.

Summary of Financial Information

The following Condensed Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position present financial information for the Plan and compares fiscal years 2017, 2016 and 2015.

							2017	2016
							Percentage	Percentage
Assets		2017		2016		2015	Change	Change
Receivables	\$	1,824,586	\$	1,670,761	\$	1,750,462	9%	-5%
Investments	40	8,922,644		362,253,191		353,239,410	13%	3%
Prepaid insurance		19,750		19,750		18,475	0%	7%
Total Assets	41	0,766,980		363,943,702		355,008,347	13%	3%
Liabilities								
Investment purchased		373,017		1,375,994		245,988	-73%	459%
Accounts payable		279,078		268,175		349,529	4%	-23%
Total Liabilities		652,095		1,644,169		595,517	-60%	176%
Net Position Held in Trust								
for Pension Benefits	\$ 41	0,114,885	\$	362,299,533	\$	354,412,830	13%	2%
Additions								
	\$ 1	4,179,325	\$	13,428,152	\$	13,967,304	6%	-4%
Employer Contributions			φ	, ,	φ	, ,	4%	-4 % 5%
Employee Contributions Investment Income		3,904,407		3,757,264		3,573,323	4% 858%	-52%
Total Additions		5,446,505 3,530,237		4,743,371		9,983,275 27,523,902	190%	-32%
Deductions	0	3,530,237		21,928,787		27,525,902	190%	-20%
Benefit Payments and Refunds	1	5,378,819		13,700,350		12,375,755	12%	11%
Administrative Expense		336,066		341,734		311,597	-2%	10%
Total Deductions	1	5,714,885		14,042,084		12,687,352	12%	11%
Net Change Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	4	7,815,352		7,886,703		14,836,550	506%	-47%
Beginning of Year	36	2,299,533		354,412,830		339,576,280	2%	4%
End of Year		0,114,885	\$	362,299,533	\$	354,412,830	13%	2%

The investment Pool's returns (gross of fees) are displayed by investment type in the following table.

Asset Class	2017	2016	2015
Equities	21.6%	-4.1%	2.4%
Fixed Income	3.7%	6.9%	1.3%
Alternative Investments	9.6%	5.1%	10.3%
Real Assets	6.9%	12.5%	4.3%

HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

The Plan's funding objective is to meet long-term benefit obligations through contributions and investment income. The funding ratio, which is the actuarial value of assets divided by the actuarial accrued liability is an estimate of how well the Plan is meeting that objective. A higher ratio indicates the Plan is better funded. As of July 1, 2016 and July 1, 2015, the funded ratios for the Plan were 94.4% and 93.8% respectively. Additionally, Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 is 92.05%.

The Plan paid \$15.4 million in retirement benefits and refunds to participants and beneficiaries during 2017, compared to \$13.7 million in 2016.

The Plan received \$18.1 million in contributions during 2017 and \$17.2 million in 2016. The County contributed 12.4% which was more than the 2017 Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) of 11.6% in order to maintain stability from year to year. In 2016, the County contributed the ADC of 12.4%.

Additional Information

The Plan's financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are available at Howard County's web page www.howardcountymd.gov/Departments/Finance/Financial-Information/Audit-Information.

HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	2017	2016
ASSETS		
Receivables:		
Employer Contributions	\$ 926,467	\$ 789,413
Member Contributions	246,441	210,612
Interest and Dividends	486,367	460,408
Due from Sale of Investments	15,697	204,662
Other	149,614	5,666
Total Receivables	1,824,586	1,670,761
Investments, at Fair Value:		
Money Market	7,714,253	6,134,081
Equities	173,888,883	151,573,301
Fixed Income	117,865,670	107,307,546
Alternative Investments	94,306,395	79,708,088
Real Assets	15,147,443	17,530,175
Total Investments	408,922,644	362,253,191
Prepaid Insurance	19,750	19,750
Total Assets	410,766,980	363,943,702
LIABILITIES		
Investment Purchased	373,017	1,375,994
Accounts Payable	279,078	268,175
Total Liabilities	652,095	1,644,169
Fiduciary Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits		
-	\$ 410,114,885	\$ 362,299,533

HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	2017	2016
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$ 14,179,325	\$ 13,428,152
Member	3,904,407	3,757,264
Total Contributions	18,083,732	17,185,416
INVESTMENT INCOME		
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of Investments	37,749,526	(2,989,734)
Interest	1,947,053	2,045,244
Dividends	6,798,188	6,751,837
Other, Net	180,581	50,549
Total Investment Income	46,675,348	5,857,896
Less Investment Expense	1,228,843	1,114,525
Net Investment Income	45,446,505	4,743,371
Total Additions	63,530,237	21,928,787
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits:		
Annuities	14,584,705	13,269,777
Death	374,213	83,348
Refunds of Contributions	419,901	347,225
Total Benefits	15,378,819	13,700,350
Administration Expenses	336,066	341,734
Total Deductions	15,714,885	14,042,084
NET CHANGE	47,815,352	7,886,703
Fiduciary Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits		
Beginning of Year	362,299,533	354,412,830
End of Year	\$ 410,114,885	\$ 362,299,533

NOTE 1 PLAN DESCRIPTION

Plan Administration

The Howard County Retirement Plan (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system established and administered by Howard County, Maryland (the "County"), to provide defined pension benefits for those County employees who do not participate in other County and State plans. The Plan was established on July 1, 1995, at which time approximately 73% of the County's employees transferred from the State Retirement and Pension Systems of Maryland to the Plan. The Plan is considered part of the County's financial reporting entity and is included in the County's financial statements as a pension trust fund. The accompanying financial statements present only the operations of the Plan and are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations of the County.

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2016 and 2015, the Plan's membership consisted of the following:

	2016	2015
Active	1,760	1,692
Retired and Beneficiaries	660	619
Disabled	18	18
Terminated Vested	198	195
Total	2,636	2,524

The Plan was established, is operated, and may be amended under the provisions of the Howard County Code, Sections 1.400 and 1.401 to 1.478. Essentially all of the County's fulltime benefited and part-time benefited employees (excluding career firefighters and sworn police officers) are eligible to participate in the Plan, with exceptions provided for in Howard County Code Section 1.406. The Retirement Plan Committee established by Howard County Code Section 1.455 has full power and authority to administer and operate the Plan in accordance with its terms and in particular the authority contained in subsection 1.454(a). The Pension Oversight Commission established by Howard County Code, Section 1.482 provides ongoing assessment and evaluation of the Plan's operations.

Benefits Provided

Under the Retirement Plan, participants become vested after five years of eligibility service and are entitled to a benefit beginning at age 62. If an employee leaves employment or dies before five years of eligibility service, accumulated employee contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee or designated beneficiary. A participant who becomes totally and permanently disabled may retire prior to normal retirement and receive a benefit. Both disability and death benefits vary if incurred in the line of duty.

NOTE 1 PLAN DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Participating general employees with 30 years of eligibility service, regardless of age, or who attain the age of 62 and older, with 2 to 5 years of eligibility service (for a total of 67 years), are entitled to a normal retirement benefit. For creditable service earned prior to June 30, 2012, the benefit is 1.55% of the participant's average compensation times the participant's creditable service; for creditable service after July 1, 2012, the multiplier is 1.66%. The Plan permits early retirement for participants who attain the age of 55 with at least 15 years of Eligibility Service or have 25 years of eligibility service, regardless of age. For early retirement, the benefit is reduced by 0.5% for each month that the benefit begins prior to normal retirement date.

For participating AFSCME Local 3085 the benefit is 1.66% of the participant's average compensation times all years of creditable service.

Participating Corrections employees are entitled to receive a normal retirement benefit of 2.5% of average compensation multiplied by years of creditable service (up to 20 years) plus 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by creditable service greater than 20 years but less than 30 years (excluding sick leave, which is always credited at 1.0% of average compensation). Normal retirement is the attainment of age of 62 and older, with 2 to 5 years of eligibility service (for a total of 67 years), or the completion of 20 years of eligibility service, regardless of age.

Benefits in pay status are adjusted annually for a post retirement cost of living adjustment ("COLA"). The Plan uses the Consumer Price Index ("CPI-U") for the Washington/Baltimore area as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to calculate the change in retiree allowances each July. Maximum annual COLA is 3%.

Contributions

The Plan is authorized to establish or amend the obligation to make contributions under the provisions of Sections 1.423 and 1.465 of the Howard County Code. The Plan's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Participant contributions are 8.5% of base pay for participating Corrections employees with less than 20 years of creditable service, 0% of base pay for participating Correction employees with greater than 20 years of creditable service and effective January 1, 2014, 3% of base pay for other participants. The County funds the remainder of the cost of employees' participation in the Plan which was 12.4% of covered payroll in fiscal years 2017 and 2016. In fiscal year 2017, the County contribution to the Plan was in excess of actuarially determined contribution which was determined through an actuarial valuation performed at July 1, 2016. This increase in contribution was necessary in order to maintain stability from year to year. The County Expenses incurred in the administration and operation of the Plan are funded by the Plan.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PLAN ASSET MATTERS

Method Used to Value Investments

The Plan's investments are maintained in a combined investment pool. The Plan does not own an undivided interest in specific assets of the Pool. The investments presented by category are the Plan's proportionate share of the investments by category of the Pool and are reported at fair value. Short-term investments consisting of money market funds are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at either the last reported sales price, evaluated bid, broker quoted, or pool-specific pricing. The fair value of real estate investments is approximated by the net asset value of the Plan's share of ownership of the co-mingled real estate investment funds. Fair value of other securities is determined by the mean of the most recent bid and asked prices as obtained from dealers that make markets in such securities.

Basis of Accounting

The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which employee services are performed and expenses and refunds are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Benefits are recorded when the payments are made.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

The Internal Revenue Service issued a determination letter on September 30, 2016, which stated that the Plan and its underlying trust qualify under the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and therefore are exempt from Federal income taxes.

NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS

Investment Policy

The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and administered by the Retirement Plan Committee. Specific investment goals stated in the policy shall be reviewed at least annually and, when appropriate, new goals and standards shall be adopted by the Retirement Plan Committee. The policy is expected to provide diversification of assets in an effort to maximize investment return to the Plan consistent with prudent market and economic risk. All of the Plan's assets are to remain invested at all times in the asset classes as designated by the policy.

NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investment Policy (Continued)

The following strategic asset allocation policy was adopted by the Plan on March 21, 2002, last amended on February 26, 2015 and remained in effect as of June 30, 2017:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Equities	40.0%
Alternative Investments	22.5%
Fixed Income	30.0%
Real Assets	7.5%
Total	100.0%

Concentrations

The Plan held investments in the following organizations that represent 5% or more of the pension plan's fiduciary net position: Blackstone (6%), Dimensional (7%), Dodge and Cox (12%), Fidelity (7%), Invesco (6%), LSV (6%), Magnitude (6%), Mondrian (6%), PIMCO (11%), and Westfield (6%).

Risks and Uncertainties

The Plan invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of fiduciary net position.

Interest Rate Risk

The Plan's investment policy does not place any limits on the professional investment managers with respect to the duration of investments for the Plan. The Plan's fixed income investments by maturity and type at June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Fair Value/	Weighted Average Maturity
Investment Type	NAV	(in years)
Corporate Bonds	\$ 21,257,778	12.83
U.S. Government - Sponsored Enterprises	14,341,802	22.59
Government Issued/Treasuries	9,136,226	2.71
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	1,603,507	24.87
Municipal Securities	1,483,733	12.61
Credit Card Receivable	498,738	4.93
Other Asset-Backed Securities		
Auto Loan Receivable	245,549	9.05
Alternative Investments, Mutual Funds, and		
TIPS Identified as Fixed Income for Reporting Purposes	69,298,337	N/A
Total	\$ 117,865,670	
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity		14.10

NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Risks and Uncertainties (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Plan's investment policy does not establish any limitation on the percentage that the Plan may have with any one issuer, other than to state that the Plan's assets are to be diversified in accordance with Modern Portfolio Theory. At June 30, 2017, the Plan's investments did not exceed 5% with any one issuer.

Standard & Poor's Rating or Comparable	Fair Value
AAA to A-	\$ 13,599,848
BBB to B	18,246,409
CCC	775,767
Not rated	85,243,646
Total	\$ 117,865,670

Custodial Credit Risk

State Street Bank invests in the Government Short-Term Investment Fund (GSTIF), which is included in money markets on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position, on behalf of the Plan. At fiscal year-end, the amount in this fund at amortized cost which approximates fair value was \$7,273,932, which was partially used for settlement of open purchases of \$373,418. All other investments of the fund are held by State Street Bank as trustee in the Plan's names.

Credit Risk - Currency Forward Contract

One of the Plan's investment objectives is to diversify assets in accordance with the Modern Portfolio Theory (MPT) in order to reduce overall risk. Consistent with this objective, the Plan has participated in a mutual fund that holds three-month currency forward contracts. This strategy is undertaken to protect the dollar value of underlying international investments. The hedging is restricted to 100% of the underlying asset value and 50% of the total Fund value. At fiscal year-end, there were no hedges in place.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk derives from its investments in foreign currency or instruments denominated in foreign currency. Investments in such securities are limited to a maximum net currency exposure of 40.0% at any given time. At year-end, the Plan had no exposure to foreign currency risk.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 12.18%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amount actually invested.

Investments Purchased and Due from Sales of Investments

Investment transactions are recorded on a trade plus three days or less timetable resulting in an amount due to and due from State Street Bank (the "Plan's Trustee") at year end.

NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Plan is a participant in a combined pension investment pool. The Plan does not own an undivided interest in specific assets of the pool. The table below reflects the Plan's proportionate share of the pool's investments by type and fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles as of June 30, 2017 and 2016:

			Fair Value Measurement Using					
				Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets		Significant Other Observable Inputs	ç	Significant lobservable Inputs
	Jı	une 30, 2017		(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)
Investments by Fair Value Level Debt Securities:								
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac)	\$	1,603,507	\$	-	\$	1,603,507	\$	-
Corporate Bonds		21,257,778		-		21,257,778		-
Auto Loan Receivables		245,549		-		245,549		-
Credit Card Receivables		498,738		-		498,738		-
Commingled Funds (Fixed Income)		44,325,854		-		44,325,854		-
FHLMC and FNMA Bonds		14,341,801		-		14,341,801		-
U.S. Treasury Securities		9,136,226		9,136,226		-		-
Municipal Bonds		1,483,733		-		1,483,733		-
Preferred Stock		545,798		545,798		-		-
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities		9,322,829		-		9,322,829		-
Total Debt Securities		102,761,813		9,682,024		93,079,789		-
Equity Securities:								
Common Stocks		83,059,242		83,059,242		-		-
Small Company Portfolio		9,049,538		9,049,538		-		-
Emerging Markets Value Portfolio		26,925,020		26,925,020		-		-
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS)		2,297,077		2,297,077		-		-
Total Equity Securities		121,330,877		121,330,877		-		-
Total Investment by Fair Value Level		224,092,690		131,012,901		93,079,789		-
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV):								
Private Equity Funds		60,803,471						
Equity Hedge Funds		48,606,779						
Real Assets Funds		15,147,443						
International Equity Funds		25,280,279						
Commingled Funds		27,277,728						
Total Investments Measured at the NAV		177,115,700						
Total investments Measured at Fair Value*	\$	401,208,390						

*Does not include money market funds totaling \$7,714,253, maturities of less than 1 year and may be measured at amortized cost which represents securities that have remaining cost.

NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

			Fair Value Measurement Using					
		Quoted						5
				Prices in				
				Active		Significant		
				Markets for		Other		Significant
				Identical		Observable		nobservable
				Assets		Inputs		Inputs
	Ju	ne 30, 2016		(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)
Investments by Fair Value Level								
Debt Securities:								
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations								
(Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac)	\$	2,131,072	\$	-	\$	2,131,072	\$	-
Corporate Bonds		23,948,702		-		23,948,702		-
Credit Card Receivables		261,690		-		261,690		-
Commingled Funds (Fixed Income)		31,682,215		-		31,682,215		-
FHLMC and FNMA Bonds		14,209,702		-		14,209,702		-
U.S. Treasury Securities		5,340,404		5,340,404		-		-
Municipal Bonds		1,383,468		-		1,383,468		-
Preferred Stock		552,999		552,999		-		-
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities		9,478,998		-		9,478,998		-
Total Debt Securities		88,989,250		5,893,403		83,095,847		-
Fourthy Securities								
Equity Securities:		76 155 010		76 155 010				
Common Stocks		76,155,012		76,155,012		-		-
Depository Receipts		557,753		557,753				
Small Company Portfolio		9,065,706		9,065,706		-		-
Emerging Markets Value Portfolio		21,307,604		21,307,604		-		-
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS)		1,676,406		1,676,406		-		-
Total Equity Securities		108,762,481		108,762,481		-		-
Total Investment by Fair Value Level		197,751,731		114,655,884		83,095,847		-
Investments Measured at the Net								
Asset Value (NAV):								
Private Equity Funds		54,556,458						
Equity Hedge Funds		43,469,925						
Real Assets Funds		17,530,175						
International Equity Funds		16,411,848						
Commingled Funds		26,398,973						
Total Investments Measured at the NAV		158,367,379						
Total investments Measured								
at Fair Value*	\$	356,119,110						
	Ψ	555,110,110						

*Does not include money market funds totaling \$6,134,081, maturities of less than 1 year and may be measured at amortized cost which represents securities that have remaining cost.

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy refers to securities not traded on an active market but for which observable market inputs are readily available. Fixed income securities are priced on a daily basis, market to market, using a variety of third party pricing sources, market data and methodologies.

NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value ("NAV") per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table:

			Redemption	
			Frequency (if	Redemption
	Fair	Unfunded	Currently	Notice
	 Value	Commitments	Eligible)	Period
Private Equity	\$ 60,803,471	\$ 24,742,456	Illiquid	N/A
Hedge Fund 1	23,944,286		Quarterly	65 days
Hedge Fund 2	24,662,493		Semi Annually	95 days
Real Asset Funds	15,147,443	9,116,154	Illiquid	N/A
International Equity Funds	25,280,279		Monthly	15 days
Commingled Funds	 27,277,728		Daily	5 days
	\$ 177,115,700			

- Private Equity Funds: This represents investments that are entirely through Fund of Fund ("FOF") vehicles and invest in both debt and equity strategies. Exposures are diversified by manager, region, strategy and vintage year. Managers retained pursue distressed debt, venture, or buyout strategies. This type also includes investment in the private equity secondary market. The FOF investments have 10 - 40 underlying managers/funds building broad exposures for diversified performance. These funds have liquidity restrictions for the life of the investment, 7 - 10 years. Options for exit are limited to sale on the secondary market. Capital commitments are made to these types of investments and funds are invested through a call down structure.
- 2. Equity Hedge Funds: This represents investments in two Hedge FOF managers. Each FOF manager invests in underlying hedge funds to provide a broadly diversified portfolio. One invests with 90 100 underlying managers/funds to execute its global market strategy. The other invests in 20 40 underlying managers/funds in a relative value mandate. The hedge fund strategy is designed to diversify by manager/fund to reduce single manager/fund risk while offering portfolio diversification and provide a return profile that is uncorrelated to the rest of the assets in the portfolio. The fair values of the investments are determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investments. These funds have liquidity restrictions of 3 to 6 months.
- 3. <u>Real Asset Funds</u>: This represents funds that invest in institutional real estate (office, multi-family, industrial, and retail) and natural resources strategies. The fair values of the investments in these strategies are determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partnership's capital. The real estate strategies deployed include a US focused property strategy (core to core plus) and a global FOF strategy. The global FOF manager invests in 20 30 underlying managers/funds. The natural resources investments are through FOF strategies. The natural resource managers invest in 10 25 underlying relationships as they build a diversified portfolio with exposure to oil, natural gas, agriculture, timber and other natural resources. Capital commitments are made to these types of investments and funds are invested through a call down structure. These funds have liquidity restrictions for the life of the investment, 7 10 years. Options for exit are limited to sale on the secondary market.

NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

- 4. <u>International Equity Funds</u>: This represents investments primarily in value oriented equity securities of international developed markets (non-U.S. issuers; e.g., MSCI EAFE) with the objective of achieving a long-term return above a passive benchmark (EAFE). This manager focuses on a dividend discount model value based philosophy for publicly traded equity. All securities are recorded at fair value. Foreign securities are valued on the basis of quotations from the primary market in which they are traded and translated at each valuation date from the local currency into U.S. dollars using current exchange rates. The Fund may enter into forward foreign currency exchange contracts primarily to hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-U.S. dollar-denominated investment securities.
- 5. <u>Commingled Funds</u>: This represents investments primarily in growth oriented equity securities of international developed markets (non-U.S. issuers; e.g., MSCI EAFE). The objective of this fund is to achieve long-term growth of capital and a return above a passive benchmark (EAFE) by identifying publicly traded equities with strong growth prospects. NAVs are normally calculated as of 4:00pm Eastern Time for each business day the relevant exchange (usually the NYSE) is open. Securities for which market quotations are readily available and reliable are to be valued using the applicable market quotations.

NOTE 5 NET PENSION LIABILITY OF THE COUNTY

The components of the net pension liability of the County at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 445,552,992
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (410,114,885)
County's Net Pension Liability	\$ 35,438,107
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a	
Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	92.05%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2017 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by service, 4.00% to 6.75%,
	including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense,
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy tables with
	generational projection by Scale AA

The actuarial assumptions used in this valuation, for GASB 67 purposes, were generally based on the 2014 Experience Study covering the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. Economic assumptions and the demographic assumptions were updated to reflect the 2009-2013 experience study.

NOTE 5 NET PENSION LIABILITY OF THE COUNTY (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, included in the Plan's target allocation as of June 30, 2017 (see Note 3), are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term			
	Expected Real			
Asset Class	Rate of Return			
Equities	5.24%			
Fixed Income	2.05%			
Alternative Investments	5.37%			
Real Assets	4.75%			

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the County contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between total actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	(6.5%)	Rate (7.5%)	(8.5%)
County's Net Pension Liability	\$ 93,109,552	\$ 35,438,107	\$ (12,839,374)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	 2017	2016		2015		2014*
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$ 15,861	\$ 15,093	\$	14,073	\$	12,727
Interest	30,959	29,046		27,198		24,974
Changes of benefit terms	-	-		-		3,534
Differences between expected and actual experience	(6,369)	(4,093)		(2,741)		-
Changes of assumptions	-	-		(851)		10,918
Benefit payments, including refunds of member						
contributions	 (15,379)	(13,700)		(12,375)		(11,139)
Net change in total pension liability	25,072	26,346		25,304		41,014
Total pension liability - beginning	 420,481	394,135		368,831		327,817
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 445,553	\$ 420,481	\$	394,135	\$	368,831
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$ 14,179	\$ 13,428	\$	13,967	\$	12,778
Contributions - member	3,904	3,757		3,573		2,979
Net investment income	45,447	4,743		9,983		45,956
Benefit payments, including refunds of member						
contributions	(15,379)	(13,700)		(12,375)		(11,139)
Administrative expense	(336)	(341)		(311)		(283)
Other	-	-		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 47,815	 7,887	-	14,837	-	50,291
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	362,300	354,413		339,576		289,285
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 410,115	\$ 362,300	\$	354,413	\$	339,576
County's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 35,438	\$ 58,181	\$	39,722	\$	29,255
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the						
total pension liability	92.05%	86.16%		89.92%		92.07%
Total Covered payroll	\$ 114,349	\$ 108,292	\$	103,462	\$	97,542
County's net pension liability as a percentage of						
covered payroll	30.99%	53.73%		38.39%		29.99%
Expected average remaining service years of all participants	7	7		7		7

* Information for FY2013 and earlier is not available.

Notes to Schedule: Benefit changes. None Changes of assumptions. None

HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2016	2015	2014*
Actuarially determined contribution ¹ Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 13,265 14,179 \$ (914)	\$ 13,428 13,428 \$ -	\$ 13,967 13,967 \$ -	\$ 12,778 12,778 \$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 114,349	\$ 108,292	\$ 103,462	\$ 97,542
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.40%	12.40%	13.50%	13.10%

¹ ADC rate for FY 17 was 11.6%. Actual contribution rate was 12.4%. * Information for FY2013 and eariler is not available.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

The actuarial valuation date is the beginning of the fiscal year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit (Entry Age used for GASB 67 purposes)
Amortization method	Level percent of pay increasing 2.75 percent per year
Remaining amortization period	Remaining Amortization periods range from 6 to 23 years.
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by service. 4.00 to 6.75 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, before expenses, including inflation
Retirement age	Rates vary by participant age and service
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy tables with generational projection
	by Scale AA, set forward two years.
Cost of Living Increases	2.75%

HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	Annual Money-Weighted		
Fiscal Year	Rate of Return, Net of		
Ending	Investment Expenses		
6/30/2017	12.18%		
6/30/2016	1.38%		
6/30/2015	2.95%		
6/30/2014	15.62%		
6/30/2013	11.33%		
6/30/2012	-1.21%		
6/30/2011	20.56%		
6/30/2010	15.42%		
6/30/2009	-16.21%		
6/30/2008	-14.44%		